**Tag Questions**

1. In the present form of be: if the subject is “I”, the auxiliary changes to are or aren’t in the tag question.

I’m sitting next to you, aren’t I?

I’m a little red, aren’t I?

2. With let’s, the tag question is shall we?

Let’s go to the beach, shall we?

Let’s have a coffee, shall we?

3. With an imperative, the tag question is will you?

Close the window, will you?

Hold this, will you?

4. We use an affirmative tag question after a sentence containing a negative word such as never, hardly, nobody.

Nobody lives in this house, do they?

You’ve never liked me, have you?

When the subject is nothing, we use “it” in the tag question.

Nothing bad happened, did it?

Nothing ever happens, does it?

If the subject is nobody, somebody, everybody, no one, someone or everyone, we use “they” in the tag question.

Nobody asked for me, did they?

Nobody lives here, do they?

If the main verb in the sentence is have (not an auxiliary verb), it is more common to use do in the tag question.

You have a Ferrari, don’t you?

She had a great time, didn’t she?

With used to, we use “didn’t” in the tag question.

You used to work here, didn’t you?

He used to have long hair, didn’t he?

We can use affirmative tag questions after affirmative sentences to express a reaction such as surprise or interest.

You’re moving to Brazil, are you?

Pronunciation

If we don’t know the answer, it is a real question and we use a rising intonation with the tag question.

You don’t know where the boss is, do you? ↗

If we know the answer and are just confirming the information a falling intonation is used with the tag question.

That film was fantastic, wasn’t it? ↘